

FOOD SAFETY RISK ASSESSMENT

FOR

WMH Quality Catering

Membership Number 30092

Responsible Person - Thomas Stephenson

Food Types	Equipment	Creation / Next Renewal Date
Bacon, BBQ / Hog Roast / Rotisserie, Beef, Chips / Fries, Coffee, Falafel, Kebabs, Lamb, Pizza, Pork, Roast Beef, Sausage/Egg/Bacon Butties, Steaks, Traditional British	Bains Marie, BBQ Gas, Blow Torch, Chip Warmer / Skuttle, Coffee Machine, Cool Boxes, Freezer, Fridge (drinks), Fryer (Deep fat all types), Generator, Hog Roaster, Induction Hob, Refrigerated Trailer, Vacuum Pack Machine	Creation: 27/Feb/2023 Next Renewal Date: 24/Aug/2023

This Hazard Analysis is based on HACCP principles in order to comply with The Food Safety and Hygiene (England) Regulations 2013 and similar regulations in Wales and Scotland.

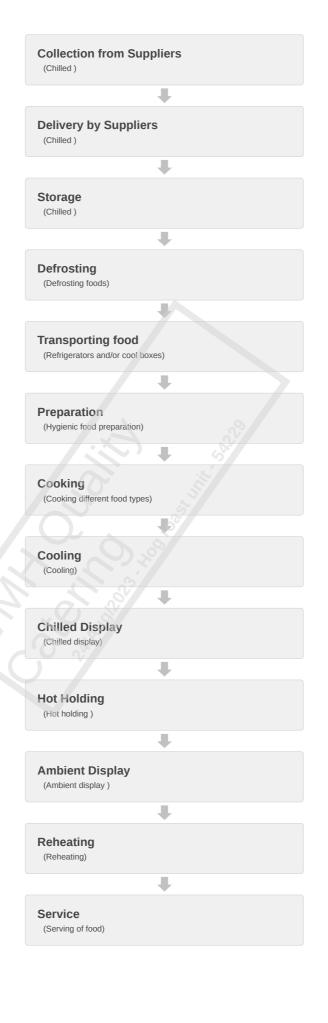
All hazards have been defined as either Control Points (CP's) or Critical Control Points (CCP's). The hazards shown as CCP's require particular attention and monitoring as they represent the biggest risk to public health & safety.

The Analysis has two parts:

- The process flow diagram
- An analysis for each of the hazard highlighted by the process flow diagram from the point of purchase through to handing to a customer

Any questions related to this assessment should be addressed to the owner in the first instance

Please print this risk assessment off and insert it into the risk assessment section of your NCASS Safety Management System



Collection from Suppliers Chilled Products Critical Hazard Controls √ Corrective Actions **Monitoring Procedures** Limits Reject food that is not from "approved" or reputable suppliers. If food does not meet specification review suitability Approved/reputable suppliers used who can Checks to ensure: and reject or retain. If retaining foods, ensure safety demonstrate legal compliance. will be maintained. Retrain staff in purchasing · Food/products are from an requirements "approved"/reputable supplier Food specifications set Food meets specifications If packaging is damaged and raw and ready to eat · Packaging intact and in good Raw and ready-to-eat products kept separate foods have been in contact dispose of the ready to eat condition before during transportation purchase/collection Microbiological, Separation of raw and cooked ool bags/boxes or refrigerated vehicles used to physical and If chemical contamination has or is likely to have keep chilled food under temperature control kept foods during transportation occurred, dispose of the food safely. Retrain staff on chemical clean and disinfected as necessary to provide Food has not been stored near to contamination transportation requirements hygienic transportation chemicals during transportation. There are no unexpected odours. Where there is evidence of physical contamination Food and non-food items kept separate during which may indicate chemical dispose of the food safely transportation. contamination There is no evidence of physical Where transportation equipment is unhygienic Packaging in good condition contamination consider disposal of food, based on contamination Transportation "equipment" clean risks. Review cleaning procedures and consider need Unpackaged food protected from contamination and hygienic for staff retraining. Note all problems and corrective actions in the Issues section of the Daily Record If the temperature of the chilled food has risen above 8°C then disposal is the safest option. Where assessed as safe the 4-hour rule can be used The 4-hour rule: -This allows chilled food to be kept at a temperature higher than 8°C for 1 period of up to 4 hours. Where this exemption is used it is up to the FBO or Responsible Person to demonstrate that the 4-hour period has not been exceeded Between pack food temperatures checked on arrival at food business with If the period has been exceeded, then the food must sanitised probe thermometer. be disposed of safely Chilled food kept at 5°C or below Chilled Only one period of time outside temperature control Temperatures above 5°C noted in Issues Foods is allowed, no matter how short Microbiological section of Daily Record and core Critical limit 8°C at centre of food 8°C or multiplication emperature of food checked. less at Where the 4-hour rule is used it must be documented Food purchased/collected within "Use by" centre in the Issues section of the Daily Record "Best before" date Critical limit 8°C at centre of food Note. The 4-hour rule does not apply in Scotland. "Use by" and "Best before" dates To ensure safety chilled food should only be kept checked above 8 °C for the minimum time Check suitability of "Chilled transport" equipment, service, repair or replace to maintain chill chain during transportation Food outside "Use by" or "Best Before" date disposed of safely. Staff retrained as necessary Note all problems and corrective actions in Issues section of Daily Record Allergen cross "Approved"/reputable suppliers used who can If food is not from an approved/reputable supplier Checks to ensure: ontamination demonstrate legal compliance assess suitability for use. If unsuitable dispose of · Food purchased/collection from food safely. Review staff training in purchasing Food specifications set an approved/reputable supplier equirements as necessary All necessary information on All necessary information on allergen presence and "May contain" warnings provided by allergen presence and "May If packaging is damaged, consider risks of contain" warnings provided by contamination. If risk of contamination, treat all "approved"/ reputable suppliers in English suppliers affected foods as "contaminated." Retrain staff in (imported products to have labels translated/over Foods containing allergens purchasing requirements stickering in English). securely packed/contained and If there is evidence that cross contamination may accurately labelled Foods containing allergens clearly labelled with Allergen free foods clearly have occurred e.g., failure to separate allergen free allergen content and securely packaged/contained labelled, securely foods from foods containing allergens, ineffective

Allergen free foods clearly labelled, securely packaged and protected from cross contamination Effective cleaning of storage facilities used in transporting food e.g., storage boxes, bags etc to limit risk of allergen build up

- packaged/contained and protected from cross contamination
- Allergen free foods separated from foods containing allergens during transport
- Use of separate, readily identifiable, lidded containers for transporting allergen free foods

cleaning, failure to use separate, readily identifiable containers etc treat foods as contaminated or dispose

If labelling and/or packaging missing/inadequate dispose of food and retrain staff on purchasing requirements

	Separate, readily identifiable, lidded containers used for transporting allergen free foods Clean containers stored away from areas likely to be contaminated by allergens Allergen free products separated from foods containing allergens during transportation Accurate record of allergen presence and "May contain" warnings (Allergen Information Record), established, maintained and available. Staff familiar with system and updated on any changes	from areas likely to be contaminated by allergens • Effective cleaning of storage facilities used in transporting food	If failures to accurately update Allergen Information Records review and amend system and retrain staff as necessary Note all problems and corrective actions in Issues section of Daily Record
Allergen presence	"Approved"/ reputable suppliers used who can demonstrate legal compliance Food specifications set Checks made on incoming goods (collected from suppliers) to identify allergen presence/ "May contain" warnings and identify any substitutions. Substitutions evaluated for allergen content/ "May contain" warnings and suitability for use assessed. Allergen Information Records amended as necessary Foods containing allergens clearly labelled with allergen content and securely packaged/contained Allergen free foods labelled and protected from contamination Accurate record of allergen presence and "May contain" warnings maintained (Allergen Information Record) and updated to reflect incoming goods. Staff familiar with the system	Allergen presence and "May contain" warnings on incoming goods identified and recorded Record of allergen presence and "May contain" warnings (Allergen Information Records) in foods accurately updated to reflect incoming goods Relevant staff aware of any changes in allergen content/presence of "May contain" warnings Food containing allergens clearly	If food is not from an "approved"/reputable supplier consider disposing of it safely. Retrain staff in purchasing requirements If delivery checks are inadequate i.e., allergens missed/not recorded, or substitutions not identified review system and retrain staff If food does not meet specifications and/or substitutions are not suitable for use reject foods. Where substitutions are accepted ensure Allergen Information Records are amended as necessary and relevant staff are informed If labelling and/or packaging missing/ inadequate reject food If failures to accurately update Allergen Information Records review and amend system and retrain staff as necessary Note all problems and corrective actions in Issues section of Daily Record
Notes	A Constant of the Constant of		

		Deliv	ery by Suppliers							
Chilled Products	hilled Products									
[≜] Hazard	Controls	Critical Limits	Monitoring Procedures	✓ Corrective Actions						
Microbiological, physical and chemical contamination.	"Approved"/ reputable suppliers used who can demonstrate legal compliance Food specifications set Packaging intact and in good condition Delivery vehicle, equipment and containers clean and hygienic. Delivery staff demonstrate good hygienic practices Raw and ready to eat foods separated Food and non-food items separated during transportation Food protected from contamination		Checks to ensure: - • Food/products are from an "approved"/reputable supplier • Food meets specifications • Packaging intact and in good condition • Delivery vehicle, equipment and containers clean and hygienic and delivery staff demonstrate good hygienic practices • Raw and ready to eat foods separated • Food has not been stored near to chemicals during transportation. • Food protected from contamination	Reject food that is not from "approved" or reputable supplier. If food does not meet specification review suitability and reject or retain. If retaining, ensure safety will be maintained. If transportation vehicle/equipment is unhygienic and/or delivery staff show bad hygienic practices, consider rejection of food, based on contamination risks If packaging is damaged and raw and ready to eat foods have been in contact reject foods If chemical contamination has or is likely to have occurred reject foods If there is any evidence that food may have been contaminated reject food If food is rejected raise issues with supplier Note all problems and corrective actions in the Issues section of Daily Record						
Microbiological multiplication	"Approved"/reputable suppliers used who can demonstrate legal compliance. Food specifications set Chilled food kept at 5°C or below Critical limit 8°C at centre of food Food within "Use by" and "Best before" dates	Chilled Foods 8°C or less at centre	Checks to ensure: - • Food/products are from an "approved"/reputable supplier • Food meets specifications • Temperature checks between packs are carried out. Food temperatures checked on arrival at food business with a sanitised probe thermometer • Temperatures above 5°C noted in Issues section of Daily Record and core temperature of food checked. Critical limit 8°C at centre of food • Food within "Use by" and "Best before" date	Reject food that is not from "approved" or reputable supplier. If food does not meet specification review suitability and reject or retain. If retaining, ensure safety will be maintained If the core temperature of the chilled food has risen above 8°C then the food should be rejected. Reject food that has passed its "Use by" or "Best before" dates Where food is rejected raise issues with supplier Note all problems and corrective actions in Issues section of Daily Record						
Allergen cross contamination	"Approved"/reputable suppliers used who can demonstrate legal compliance All necessary information on allergen presence and "May contain" warnings provided by approved/ reputable suppliers in English (imported products to have labels translated/over stickering in English). Foods containing allergens clearly labelled with allergen content and securely packaged/contained Allergen free foods clearly labelled, securely packaged and protected from cross contamination Allergen free products separated from foods containing allergens during transport Accurate record of allergen presence and "May contain" warnings (Allergen Information Record) maintained and available. Staff familiar with system and updated on any changes		Checks to ensure: - • Food/products are from an "approved"/reputable supplier • Packaging intact and in good condition • Foods containing allergens securely packed/contained and accurately labelled • Allergen free foods clearly labelled, securely packaged/contained and protected from cross contamination • Allergen free products separated from foods containing allergens during transport • Accurate record of allergen presence and "May contain" warnings (Allergen Information Record) maintained and updated. • Staff are familiar with system and updated on any changes	If products are not from an "approved"/reputable supplier reject them If there is evidence that contamination may have occurred e.g., failure to separate allergen free foods from foods containing allergens reject food If labelling and/or packaging missing/inadequate, reject food and review contract with suppliers If systems to prevent cross contamination e.g., separation of products, cleaning to remove allergens If labelling is missing/inadequate, reject food and review issue with suppliers If failures to accurately update Allergen Information Records review and amend system and retrain staff as necessary Note all problems and corrective actions in Issues section of Daily Record						
Allergen presence	Use of "approved"/reputable suppliers Food specifications set Where possible "No substitutions" policy agreed with suppliers All necessary information on allergen presence and "May contain" warnings provided by "approved"/ reputable suppliers Checks made on deliveries to identify allergen presence/ "May contain" warnings in foods and identify any substitutions.		updated, and relevant staff informed • Allergen presence and "May contain"	If food is not from an "approved"/reputable supplier reject it. Retrain staff in purchasing requirements If delivery checks are inadequate i.e., allergens missed/not recorded, or substitutions not identified review system and retrain staff If food does not meet specifications and/or substitutions are not suitable for use reject foods. Where substitutions are accepted ensure Allerger Information Records are amended as necessary and relevant staff are informed						

Allergen presence and "May contain" warnings in foods noted in Allergen Information Records

Substitutions evaluated for allergen content/ "May contain" warnings and suitability for use assessed

Foods containing allergens clearly labelled with allergen content and securely packaged/contained

Allergen free foodds clearly labelled, securely packaged/contained and protected from contamination

Accurate record of allergen presence and "May contain" warnings in foods maintained (Allergen Information Records) and updated to reflect incoming goods. Staff familiar with system and updated on any changes

Records) in foods accurately updated to In case of substitutions consider reviewing

- reflect incoming goods Relevant staff aware of any changes in allergen content/presence of "May
- contain" warnings Food containing allergens clearly labelled with allergen content and
- Securely packaged/contained
 Allergen free foods clearly labelled, securely packaged/contained and protected from contamination

supplier contracts

If labelling is missing/inadequate reject food and review issue with suppliers

If failures to accurately update Allergen Information Records review and amend system and retrain staff as necessary

Note all problems and corrective actions in Issues section of Daily Record

Notes

Storage Chilled Storage Critical Controls Monitoring Procedures ✓ Corrective Actions 📤 Hazard Limits Packaging intact and in good condition If chiller units are unhygienic transfer food to a Food protected from contamination i.e., stored in suitable clean and hygienic alternative. Dispose of lidded food containers whenever possible, or any food likely to have been contaminated suitably covered Checks to ensure: -Review Cleaning plan and retrain staff Raw and ready to eat foods separated · Packaging intact In the event of chemical contamination dispose of Raw food stored below ready to eat food · Food protected from contamination food safely, review use of chemicals and storage. Microbiological, · Raw and ready to eat food separated etrain staff Refrigerators and other chilling equipment kept physical and and raw food stored below ready to chemical clean and disinfected in accordance with Cleaning eat food If raw and ready to eat foods are not properly contamination Plan and maintained in good condition Chillers/units maintained in a clean separated/stored review likelihood of contamination. If contamination likely safely and hygienic condition Food and non-food items kept separate Safe and effective use of chemicals dispose of food and retrain staff Suitable food grade Food safe cleaning products used packaging/wrapping is used If labelling is missing dispose of food safely Cleaning chemicals stored securely, away from Note all problems and corrective actions in Issues section of Daily Record Foods are stored in suitable food grade packaging. If the temperature of the chilled food has risen above 8°C then disposal is the safest option. If assessed as safe the 4-hour rule can be used. This allows chilled food to be kept at a temperature higher than 8°C for 1 period of up to Twice daily temperature checks with 4 hours. If this exemption is used it is up to the food business operator or Responsible Person to sanitised probe thermometer Food stored in order to allow good air circulation demonstrate that the 4-hour period has not been Refrigeration temperature 5°C or less., Chilled food kept at 5°C or below Chilled If the period has been exceeded, then the food Foods If temperature above 5°C, core food Microbiological Critical limit 8°C at centre of food 8°C or must be disposed of safely temperature checked with a sanitised probe multiplication less at thermometer (-Critical limit 8°C) Food within "Use by", "Best before" date or Only one period of time outside temperature centre assigned shelf life control is allowed, no matter how short Readings recorded in the Daily Record Stock rotation system in place Note. The 4-hour rule does not apply in "Use by", "Best before" dates and/or Scotland assigned shelf life checked Food outside its "Use by", "Best before" date or ssigned shelf life must be disposed of safely If food is disposed of or the 4-hour rule is used, then it must be documented in the Issues section of the Daily Record. All necessary information on allergen presence and "May contain" warnings provided by "approved"/ If failures to accurately update Allergen reputable suppliers Information Records, review and amend system and retrain staff as necessary Information on allergen presence and "May contain" warnings provided for food produced "In If cleaning is ineffective review Cleaning Plan Checks to ensure: and retrain staff. Just because a surface looks clean, does not guarantee it is free of all allergen Allergen Information records Record of allergen presence and "May contain" esidues. Not all allergen residues can be removed accurate, kept up to date and available from equipment or surfaces with uneven, porous warnings (Allergen Information Record) • Staff familiar with Allergen maintained and updated as chilled foods added. cooking surfaces or intricate parts. A thorough Information Records removed or replaced. Staff are familiarised with wo stage cleaning process should be carried out Foods containing allergens securely he system and updated on any changes o minimise allergen residues packaged/contained and accurately labelled Allergen cross Foods containing allergens clearly labelled with f labelling and/or packaging missing/inadequate contamination allergen content and securely packaged/contained Allergen free foods clearly labelled, dispose of food safely, review and amend system securely packaged and protected from and retrain staff Allergen free foods clearly labelled, securely contamination packaged/contained and protected from Separation of foods free from If there is any evidence that allergen cross contamination may have occurred, treat food as contamination allergens from foods containing allergens contaminated or discard. Allergen free products stored separately from Cleaning is effective to remove and foods containing allergens, where possible minimise the risk from allergen debris If systems to prevent cross contamination e.g., and residues separation of products, cleaning to remove Thorough cleaning programme to include storage allergens etc break down review systems and areas, facilities and equipment to minimise the presence of allergen debris and residues. Note all problems and corrective actions in Issues Use separate cleaning cloths for cleaning section of Daily Record designated storage equipment. Allergen presence All necessary information on allergen presence and Checks to ensure: f failures to accurately update Allergen "May contain" warnings provided by "approved"/ Information Record e.g., as a result of changes to eputable suppliers Allergen Information records chilled food storage (product removal or accurate, kept up to date and available

 Staff familiar with Allergen Information Records
 Foods containing allergens are clearly labelled and securely Information on allergen presence and "May contain" warnings provided for food produced "In addition), then review and amend system and etrain staff as necessary If labelling and/or packaging missing/ inadequate dispose of food safely, then review and amend Record of allergen presence and "May contain" warnings (Allergen Information Record) maintained and updated as chilled foods added, removed or replaced. Staff are familiar with system packaged/contained system and retrain staff Allergen free foods clearly labelled and protected from contamination Note all problems and corrective actions in Issues and updated on any changes section of Daily Record Foods containing allergens clearly labelled with allergen content and securely packaged/contained Allergen free foods clearly labelled, securely packaged and protected from contamination

Notes

	Defrosting							
Defrosting								
⚠ Hazard	Controls	Critical Limits	Monitoring Procedures	✓ Corrective Actions				
Microbiological, physical and chemical contamination.	Foods placed in a container to collect fluids released during defrosting Defrosting foods protected from contamination e.g., covered, whilst defrosting Separation of raw and ready to eat foods. Raw foods stored below ready to eat foods Separation of foods and non-foods. Chemicals stored securely, away from food preparation areas. Food safe chemicals used in food preparation areas whenever possible Staff maintain high standards of personal hygiene		Defrosting foods do not pose a contamination risk - defrosting liquid does not contaminate other foods Defrosting foods are protected from contamination e.g., held in lidded container Raw food stored below ready to eat food in refrigerator Chemicals are kept away from defrosting foods. Food safe chemicals used where possible Staff maintain high standards of personal hygiene	If staff do not maintain high standards of personal hygiene, consider contamination risks and safely dispose of food as necessary Dispose of any food products where there is evidence of contamination If evidence of contamination review defrosting procedures and retrain staff Note all problems and corrective actions in Issues section of Daily Record				
Microbiological multiplication	High risk foods defrosted in refrigerator operating at 5 °C or below Other methods: Defrost under running water NOT SUITABLE FOR RAW MEAT OR POULTRY Use of defrost setting on microwave Minimise time out of temperature control	8	Checks to ensure: - Refrigerator operating at below 5° Time out of temperature control minimised Food is fully defrosted Once defrosted, food is stored under suitable temperature control e.g., refrigerated	Safely dispose of ready to eat foods, that have been out of temperature control for more time than permitted (4-hour rule) If there is evidence food has been out of temperature control beyond permitted limits review defrosting procedures and retrain staff Note all problems and corrective actions in Issues section of Daily Record				
Allergen cross contamination	Accurate record of allergen presence and "May contain" warnings (Allergen Information records) maintained and available. Staff are familiarised with the system and updated on any changes Foods containing allergens clearly labelled with allergen content and securely packaged/contained Allergen free foods clearly labelled and protected from contamination Allergen free foods defrosted separately from foods containing allergens Separate, readily identifiable, lidded containers used for defrosting allergen free foods Thorough cleaning of containers used to defrost allergen free foods, before re-use, Clean containers stored away from areas likely to be contaminated by allergens		Checks to ensure: - • Allergen Information records accurate, kept up to date and available. • Staff familiar with Allergen Information Records • Foods containing allergens are clearly labelled and securely packaged/contained • Allergen free foods clearly labelled and protected from contamination • Separation of allergen free foods from allergen containing foods during defrosting • Allergen free foods protected from allergen cross contamination e.g., by use of readily identifiable, lidded containers • Cleaning is effective to remove and minimise the risk from allergen debris and residues	If there are failures to accurately update Allergen Information Records, review and amend system and retrain staff as necessary If labelling and/or packaging missing/ inadequate, dispose of food safely, review and amend system and retrain staff If there is any evidence that allergen cross contamination may have occurred treat food as if contaminated or discard of it. If systems to prevent cross contamination e.g., separation of products, cleaning to remove allergens, are ineffective review systems and retrain staff Note all problems and corrective actions in Issues section of Daily Record				
Allergen presence	Accurate record of allergen presence and "May contain" warnings (Allergen Information records) maintained and available. Staff are familiarised with the system and updated on any changes Foods containing allergens clearly labelled with allergen content and securely packaged/contained Allergen free foods clearly labelled, securely packaged and protected from contamination		Checks to ensure: • Allergen Information records accurate, kept up to date and available. • Staff familiar with Allergen Information Records • Foods containing allergens are clearly labelled and securely packaged/contained • Allergen free foods clearly labelled, securely packaged and protected from contamination	If there are failures to accurately update the Allergen Information Records, then review and amend system and retrain staff as necessary If labelling and/or packaging missing/ inadequate dispose of food safely, review and amend system and retrain staff Note all problems and corrective actions in Issues section of Daily Record				

Transporting food Chilled Transport Critical Controls Monitoring √ Corrective Action Hazards Limits If containers/vehicles are not clean and hygienic then assess contamination risks and as necessary, afely dispose of ready to eat foods Checks to ensure: -If staff personal hygiene is poor, consider Containers, equipment and/ or vehicles used to Hygienic containers, equipment and contamination risks and dispose of food as transport food are kept clean, disinfected as necessary. vehicles used and maintained in necessary and maintained in good condition good condition Raw and ready to eat foods kept If raw and ready to eat foods have been in contact Microbiological, Raw and ready to eat foods separated separate dispose of the ready to eat foods safely physical and Food products are suitably covered chemical Foods protected against contamination by Dispose of any food products where there is and protected against contamination covering/wrapping/packaging or placing in lidded evidence of contamination Food products are not stored close contamination to chemicals Dispose of food products with a chemical odour There are no unexpected odours, Food and non-food items kept separate which may indicate chemical Review transportation procedures where failures contamination Staff maintain high standards of personal hygiene occur Staff maintain high standards of personal hygiene Retrain staff as necessary Note all problems and corrective actions in Issues section of Daily Record If the temperature of the chilled food has risen above 8°C then disposal is the safest option The 4-hour rule: If assessed as safe the 4-hour rule can be used. This allows chilled food to be kept at a temperature Temperature checks - between pack food nigher than 8°C for 1 period of up to 4 hours. temperatures checked on arrival at food business with a sanitised probe If this exemption is used it is up to the food Chilled food kept at 5°C or below thermometer. business operator to demonstrate that the 4-hour Chilled period has not been exceeded Critical limit 8°C at centre of food Temperatures above 5°C noted in Issues Foods Microbiological 8°C or section of Daily Record and core If the period has been exceeded, then the food must multiplication Food within "Use by", "Best before" date or less at emperature of food checked. be disposed of safely ssigned shelf life centre Critical limit 8°C at centre of food Only one period of time outside temperature control is allowed, no matter how short. Checks to ensure food within "Use by", Note. The 4-hour rule does not apply in Scotland 'Best before" date or assigned shelf life Food outside its "Use by", "Best before" date or assigned shelf life must be disposed of safely If food is disposed of or if the 4-hour rule is used, details must be documented in the Issues section of the Daily Record. Accurate record of allergen presence and "May Checks to ensure: contain" warnings (Allergen Information Records) maintained and available. Staff are familiarised · Allergen Information records If there are failures to accurately update Allergen with the system and updated on any changes accurate, kept up to date and Information Records, then review and amend available system and retrain staff as necessary Effective cleaning of transport storage facilities Staff familiar with Allergen such as refrigeration equipment or cold boxes to Information Records If labelling and/or packaging missing/ inadequate limit risk of allergen build up. Effectiveness of cleaning to remove dispose of food safely, review and amend system allergen residues and retrain staff Foods containing allergens clearly identified, Products containing allergens labelled and securely packaged Allergen cross securely packaged/contained and If there is any evidence that allergen cross labelled contamination contamination may have occurred treat food as if Allergen free foods clearly labelled and protected Allergen free foods clearly labelled, contaminated or discard of it securely packaged and protected from contamination If systems to prevent cross contamination e.g., Allergen free products stored separately from Separation of foods containing separation of products, cleaning ineffective etc foods containing allergens allergens and allergen-free materials review systems and retrain staff Measures to limit/remove cross Separate, readily identifiable, lidded containers Note all problems and corrective actions in Issues contamination risks are in place used for transporting allergen free foods ection of Daily Record e.g., use of readily identifiable, lidded containers for transporting Clean containers stored away from areas likely to allergen free foods be contaminated by allergens Allergen presence Accurate record of allergen presence and "May Checks to ensure: -If there are failures to accurately update Allergen contain" warnings (Allergen Information records) Information Record, then review and amend Allergen Information records maintained and available. Staff are familiarised system and retrain staff as necessary with the system and updated on any changes accurate, kept up to date and available If labelling and/or packaging missing/ inadequate

Staff familiar with Allergen

Foods containing allergens are clearly labelled and securely

Information Records

dispose of food safely, review and amend system

and retrain staff

Foods containing allergens clearly labelled with

allergen content and securely packaged/contained

Allergen free foods clearly labelled and protected from contamination	packaged/contained Allergen free foods clearly labelled, securely packaged and protected from contamination Note all problems and corrective actions in Issues section of Daily Record
Notes	

Preparation		F1'	eparation	
⚠ Hazards	Controls	Critical Limits	Monitoring	✓ Corrective Action
Microbiological, contamination	All food preparation surfaces, and equipment maintained in good condition and appropriately cleaned and disinfected Good workflow to minimise risk of contamination Direct handling of ready to eat food minimised e.g., tools and equipment used Raw and ready to eat foods separated in storage and during preparation Separate areas for preparation of raw and ready to eat foods, where possible. Separate tools and equipment used for raw and ready to eat food preparation Where raw and ready to eat foods are prepared on the same worksurfaces, preparation processes are separated by time and thorough cleaning and disinfection (two-stage cleaning processes) Use of colour coded boards, tools and equipment, where possible Shared equipment thoroughly cleaned and disinfected before changing from raw to ready to eat preparation NOTE. Complex equipment such as mincers, slicers, vacuum packers, weighing scales etc (complex equipment) must not be used for both raw and ready to eat food preparation. Staff maintain high standards of personal hygiene Fitness to work policy implemented	3	Checks to ensure: - • Effective cleaning and disinfection • Good standards of personal hygiene in place for all food handlers before and during work, including hand washing • Suitable separation of raw and ready to eat foods during handling and preparation • Separate complex equipment for raw and cooked food preparation • Fitness to Work policy is properly implemented	Dispose of food products where there is evidence of, or a high risk of contamination e.g., use of the same chopping board for preparing raw and ready to eat foods without thorough cleaning and disinfection between uses or lack of handwashing by food handlers Review Cleaning Plan if cleaning and disinfection is found to be inadequate Refresh staff hygiene training where necessary. Retrain staff in safety management controls as necessary Note all problems and corrective actions in Issues section of Daily Record
multiplication	control as soon as preparation completed	High risk food outside temp control for 1 single period of no more than 4 hours		If issues with time high risk foods out of temperature control: Dispose of any high risk, chilled products kept outside temperature control for more than 1 period, of up to a maximum of 4 hours (See 4-hour rule) Review preparation processes as necessary Retrain staff as necessary. Note all problems and corrective actions in Issues section of Daily Record
Physical and chemical contamination	Use "approved"/reputable food suppliers – to reduce risk of physically or chemically contaminated ingredients Preparation areas and equipment maintained in a sound condition Food that is likely to contain physical contaminants is thoroughly cleaned/washed, especially ready to eat foods such as salad leaves Food protected from chemical contamination Chemicals stored securely, away from food. Food safe chemicals used where possible Open food is protected from contamination when cleaning is in progress		Checks to ensure: - Only approved/reputable suppliers used Preparation areas and equipment maintained in good condition Effective washing of high-risk foods such as salads or soft fruits Staff store, handle and use cleaning chemicals correctly	Safely dispose of food not from "approved"/reputable suppliers. Repair any damage to food preparation areas and/or replace damaged equipment If there is recurrence of contaminated food, return/dispose of food and raise issues with supplier(s). If there is frequent recurrence, consider alternative suppliers If there is evidence that chemical contamination may have occurred dispose of food safely Review chemical handling processes and storage. Retrain staff as necessary Note all problems and corrective actions in Issues section of Daily Record
Allergen cross contamination	Accurate record of allergen presence and "May contain" warnings (Allergen Information Records) maintained and available. Staff are familiarised with the system and updated on any changes If there are recipe changes/ ingredients are substituted, then the Allergen Information Records must be updated to reflect any change in allergen content. Staff check records before food preparation and implement measures to prevent allergen contamination occurring		Checks to ensure: - Staff consult Allergen Information Records before preparing food for customers requesting absence of specific allergen. Foods containing allergens clearly labelled with allergen content and securely packaged/contained Thorough cleaning to remove allergen residues Separate equipment and tools for preparation of allergen free foods	If failures to accurately update Allergen Information Records, review and amend system and retrain staff as necessary If labelling and/or packaging missing/ inadequate, dispose of food safely, review and amend system and retrain staff. If staff fail to check allergen records before food preparation, then retrain staff If cleaning to remove allergen presence is ineffective, then review Cleaning Plan and retrain staff

Accurate record of allergen presence and "May contain" warnings (Allergen Information Records) maintained and available. Staff are familiarised with the system and updated on any changes. Staff check records before preparing food Foods containing allergens clearly labelled with allergen content and securely packaged/contained Full information on all recipes, ingredients and processes available to ensure consistency of product (in terms of allergen presence or absence), Standard recipes used where possible Staff trained in ways to prepare foods that are free from specific allergens and to ensure food is protected from contamination during and after preparation System in place to track requests for foods free from specific allergens from point of order, through preparation, cooking, and onto service or delivery to customer Checks to ensure: Allergen presence and "May contain" warnings records (Allergen information Records) are maintained, accurate and available. Staff refer to Allergen Information Records before food preparation. Foods containing allergens clearly are labelled with allergen content and securely packaged/contained. Accurate recipes are available, and staff trained to follow specifications. Allergen free foods are prepared safely. Foods containing allergens clearly are labelled with allergen content and securely packaged/contained. Accurate recipes are available, and staff trained to follow specifications. Allergen free foods are prepared safely. Allergen free foods are prepared safely. Allergen free foods are prepared safely. There is an effective system in place to identify and track foods free from specific allergens, throughout preparation to the point of service or delivery to the customer. The safest option will be to safely discard of the food where changes are made to systems staff must be train and amend system and retrain staff. If labelling and/or packaging missing/ inadequate then dispose of food safely, review and amend system and retrain staff. If staff fail to chec	Foods containing allergens clearly labelled with allergen content and securely packaged/contained Thorough cleaning to limit risk of allergen cross contamination Allergen free foods prepared separately from foods containing allergens Clean designated tools and equipment used for preparation of allergen free foods Allergen free foods clearly labelled and protected from contamination Good staff personal hygiene to limit cross contamination. Staff trained to maintain high standards of personal hygiene to limit allergen transfer e.g., thorough handwashing before preparation of allergen free foods, change of protective clothing as move from general preparation to allergen free food preparation etc.	contamination Staff are maintaining high levels of personal hygiene e.g., hand washing, clothing changes etc to limit risk of allergen transfer Allergen free foods clearly labelled and protected from contamination	If staff fail to follow measures to limit cross contamination risks review arrangements and retrain staff If there is any evidence that allergen cross contamination may have occurred, treat food as if contaminated or discard of it If systems to prevent cross contamination e.g., separation of products, cleaning plans etc are ineffective then review systems and amend as necessary Where changes are made to systems ensure staff are fully trained in the new arrangements Note all problems and corrective actions in Issues section of Daily Record
	contain" warnings (Allergen Information Records) maintained and available. Staff are familiarised with the system and updated on any changes. Staff check records before preparing food Foods containing allergens clearly labelled with allergen content and securely packaged/contained Full information on all recipes, ingredients and processes available to ensure consistency of product (in terms of allergen presence or absence), Standard recipes used where possible Staff trained in ways to prepare foods that are free from specific allergens and to ensure food is protected from contamination during and after preparation System in place to track requests for foods free from specific allergens from point of order, through preparation, cooking, and onto service or delivery to	Checks to ensure: - • Allergen presence and "May contain" warnings records (Allergen information Records) are maintained, accurate and available • Staff refer to Allergen Information Records before food preparation • Foods containing allergens clearly are labelled with allergen content and securely packaged/contained • Accurate recipes are available, and staff trained to follow specifications • Allergen free foods are prepared safely • Allergen free requests are clear and that foods are prepared to match the order requirements, and are readily identifiable • There is an effective system in place to identify and track foods free from specific allergens, throughout preparation to the point of service or delivery to the customer	Allergen Information Records, then review and amend system and retrain staff as necessary If labelling and/or packaging missing/ inadequate then dispose of food safely, review and amend system and retrain staff If staff fail to check allergen records before preparing allergen free orders, retrain staff If system to identify and track foods free from specific allergens through preparation process and beyond fails then review, amend and retrain staff. Where there is any risk that allergens are present in an allergy free request the food must not be served or sold to the customer. The safest option will be to safely discard of the food Where changes are made to systems staff must be trained in the new arrangements Note all problems and corrective actions in

Cooking						
Cooking Hazards	& Controls	Critical Limits	₽ Monitoring	✓ Corrective Action		
Microbiological, physical and chemical contamination	Raw and ready to eat foods separated before and during cooking processes Use of colour coded tools and utensils for ensuring separation in processing raw and ready to eat foods. Food protected from contamination whilst awaiting and during cooking e.g., covered before cooking Direct food handling minimised, use of tools where possible Staff maintain high standards of personal hygiene Chemicals stored securely, away from food Food safe chemicals used where possible. Manufacturers advice on the use of chemicals is followed Premises maintained in good, hygienic condition Cooking equipment and tools maintained in good condition and cleaned and disinfected appropriately Appropriate protection to prevent environmental contamination when cooking outdoors		Checks to ensure: - • Separation of raw and ready to eat foods • Appropriate use of colour coded equipment and tools • Staff maintain high standards of personal hygiene • Premises, equipment, tools. and utensils hygienic and maintained in good	If there is failure to implement measures to prevent cross contamination e.g., use of colour coded tools etc then review measures and retrain staff If unsafe use of chemicals, then review Cleaning Plan and retrain staff If damage to premises, equipment and tools then repair and/or replace. Review maintenance schedules If there is inadequate protection from outdoor environmental contamination, then review and replace the protection arrangements Discard all foods that may have been contaminated Note all problems and corrective actions in Issues section of Daily Record		
Post process (cooking) contamination	Food protected from risk of post process contamination e.g., by use of covered containers, packaging, wrapping etc Limited direct handling wherever possible High standards of personal hygiene where direct handling is necessary	,	Checks to ensure food protected from post process contamination e.g., use of covered or lidded containers	If post process contamination is likely then review control measures, amend and retrain staff Dispose of any ready to eat foods that are likely to be contaminated		
Microbiological multiplication, survival/spore/toxin formation	Foods cooked to a safe temperature e.g., 70°C for 2 minutes or 75°C for 30 seconds at centre. A time/temp combination where there is good evidence that food safety is maintained e.g. cooking certain whole muscle meat "pink" NOTE. Some foods can be safely cooked to a lower temperature e.g., whole muscle meat such as topside, steak, lamb joints and venison joints Rolled or minced meats, pork and poultry must be thoroughly cooked i.e., have no pink meat at the centre. Frozen meat and poultry thoroughly defrosted before cooking Foods that are cooked in liquids stirred frequently to distribute heat evenly and avoid creation of cold spots Food cooked within "Use by", "Best before" or assigned shelf life	65°C for 10 mins or 70°C for 2 mins or 75°C for 30	probe thermometer to ensure food has been thoroughly cooked Check for evidence of undercooking such as pink meat at the centre (unless specified as safe or justified by a separate full risk assessment)) Temperature checks recorded in Daily Record. It will be up to the FBO or Responsible Person to decide on which checks to record. Checks should be focused on higher risk foods and should represent the range of cooked food produced Checks to ensure food being cooked in liquids are stirred frequently Checks to ensure food had not passed "Use by", "Best by" or assigned shelf life before cooking	and has NOT been permitted by a		
Allergen cross contamination	Accurate record of allergen presence and "May contain" warnings (Allergen Information Records) maintained and available. Staff are familiarised with the system and updated on any changes. Staff trained to check records before cooking food and implementing measures to prevent allergen cross contamination occurring Thorough cleaning of cooking areas, equipment, tools and utensils to limit risk of allergen cross contamination Allergen free foods cooked using separate, identifiable tools, utensils and equipment, from those used for cooking foods containing allergens Fresh deep fat frying oil (and any similar "reusable" cooking liquids) used for cooking allergen free foods		meals • Effective cleaning carried out to remove allergen debris and to minimise build-up of allergen residues • Foods containing allergens clearly labelled with allergen content and securely packaged/contained • Separation of foods containing allergens and allergen-free materials during preparation	If labelling and/or packaging missing/ inadequate, then dispose of food safely, review and amend system and retrain staff		

	Allergen free foods clearly labelled and protected from contamination Foods containing allergens clearly labelled with allergen content and securely packaged/contained Staff trained to maintain high standards of personal hygiene to limit allergen transfer (e.g., thorough handwashing and change of protective clothing) before cooking allergen free foods	Staff are maintaining high levels of personal hygiene e.g., hand washing, clothing changes etc in order to limit risk of allergen transfer	If there is any evidence that allergen cross contamination may have occurred, then treat food as if contaminated or discard of it If changes are made to systems, ensure staff are fully trained in the new arrangements Note all problems and corrective actions in Issues section of Daily Record
Allergen presence	Accurate record of allergen presence and "May contain" warnings (Allergen Information Records) maintained and available. Staff are familiarised with the system and updated on any changes. Staff check records before cooking food Foods containing allergens clearly labelled with allergen content and securely packaged/contained Full information on all recipes, ingredients and processes available. Staff trained to follow recipes and specified cooking processes. Standard recipes used where possible Staff trained in ways to cook foods that are free from specific allergens and to ensure food is protected from contamination during and after cooking If after cooking foods that are free from specific allergens, they are not going to be served to the customer straight away then ensure that they are packaged, labelled and stored appropriately Ensure there is a system in place to identify and track foods free from specific allergens from the cooking process and onto next stages e.g., service to customers, hot holding, chilling, packaging, labelling or placing into suitable storage	Checks to ensure: - • Allergen presence and "May contain" warnings are identified, and records are kept up to date • Staff refer to the Allergen Information records before cooking meals that are free from certain allergens • Staff follow recipe specifications and take measures to produce food free from specified allergens • Food is protected from contamination during and after cooking • Tracking system in place to identify food order as free from specific allergens throughout cooking stages and on to service or further processing stages	If there are failures to accurately update Allergen Information Records, then review and amend system and retrain staff as necessary If staff fail to check the Allergen Information Records before cooking allergen free orders, then retrain staff If staff fail to follow detailed recipe specifications and/or specific measures to produce allergen free foods, discard food and retrain staff If system to track allergen free orders fails, is unclear or there is evidence that contamination may have occurred, then discard of the food, review system and retrain staff If there is any risk that allergens are present in an allergy free request, then this food must not be served or sold to the customer. The safest option will be to discard of the food Where changes are made to these systems then staff must be trained in the new arrangements Note all problems and corrective actions in the Issues section of the Daily Record

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		C	ooling	
Cooling				
⚠ Hazards	Controls	Critical Limits	Monitoring	✓ Corrective Action
Microbiological, physical and chemical contamination	Premises, equipment and tools maintained in good condition and cleaned and disinfected appropriately Cooling foods protected from post process contamination e.g., by covering them (loosely) High standards of staff personal hygiene maintained Chemicals stored securely, away from food and used in accordance with manufacturer's instructions Food safe chemicals used where possible Open food removed when cleaning in progress		Checks on the measures in place to protect against post process contamination Checks on hygiene and cleanliness of premises, equipment, tools and utensils Checks on safe usage and storage of cleaning chemicals	If there is any evidence that 'cooling' food m. have been contaminated, then dispose of it safely Review systems to protect against contamination, retrain staff Note all problems and corrective actions in Issues section of Daily Record
Microbiological multiplication, growth of spores and toxin production	· Food bulk minimised e.g., joints less than 2.5 Kgs	as quickly as possible, target 90-	Checks on measures to maximise cooling rate Checks on cooling time and final temperature of products- measured with a sanitised probe thermometer. NOTE. The FBO or Responsible Person must select the items for which cooling times and temperatures will be recorded. Items selected should be high risk. For the selected items the time at the start of cooling and the centre temperature must be recorded. When cooling ceases, the centre temperature of the food and the time must be recorded. Details are recorded in the Cooling section of the Daily Record	If the blast chiller cannot cool food to refrigeration temperature within 90 minutes, then review quantity of food involved, considered for maintenance or replacement. If food cannot be cooled to refrigeration temperature within 120 minutes, consider rist from bacterial/spore growth/production of toxins. Decisions should be based on length of cooling time and core temperature achieved. Review cooling methods and amend as necessary. Retrain staff. Dispose of food where there is a risk of bacterial multiplication, spore growth or production of toxins. Note all problems and corrective actions in the Issues section of Daily Record.
Allergen cross contamination	Accurate record of allergen presence and "May contain" warnings (Allergen Information Records) maintained and available. Staff are familiarised with the system and updated on any changes Foods containing allergens clearly labelled with allergen content and securely packaged/contained Thorough cleaning of cooling areas, equipment, tools and utensils to limit risk of allergen cross contamination Designated containers and tools used for cooling allergen free foods. Clean containers stored away from areas likely to be contaminated by allergens Allergen free foods cooled separately from foods containing allergens. Cooling food protected from risk of contamination e.g., by use of loose wrapping/covers. Allergen free foods clearly labelled and protected from contamination Staff trained to maintain high standards of personal hygiene to limit allergen transfer e.g., thorough handwashing before handling allergen free foods,		Checks to ensure: - • Allergen presence and "May contain" warnings identified, and records kept up to date • Effective cleaning carried out to remove allergen debris and to minimise build-up of allergen residues • Separation of foods containing allergens and allergen-free materials during cooling • Use of clean, designated containers, tools and equipment for cooling allergen free foods • Cooling foods protected from contamination • Staff maintain high levels of personal hygiene e.g., hand	If failures to accurately update Allergen Information Records, review and amend system and retrain staff as necessary If labelling and/or packaging missing/inadequate, dispose of food safely, review and amend system and retrain staff If cleaning to remove allergen presence is ineffective review the Cleaning Plan and retrastaff If there is failure to use clean, separate, readilidentifiable containers, tools and equipment fooling allergen free foods, then assess the contamination risks and consider whether it is necessary to safely discard of these foods. Review arrangements and retrain staff If staff fail to follow measures to minimise cross contamination risks, then review arrangements and retrain staff Where there is any evidence that allergen cro contamination may have occurred treat food a fit contaminated or discard of it. Where changes are made to systems, ensure staff are fully trained in the new arrangement Note all problems and corrective actions in the Issues section of Daily Record
Allergen oresence	Accurate record of allergen presence and "May contain" warnings (Allergen Information Records) maintained and available. Staff are familiarised with the system and updated on any changes Foods containing allergens are clearly labelled with allergen content and securely packaged/contained Staff are trained in ways to cool foods that are free from specific allergens and to ensure food is protected from contamination during and after cooling After cooling foods free from specific allergens, they are packaged, labelled and stored appropriately		Staff follow the correct procedures for cooling products that are part of an "allergen free request" Tracking system in place to identify food orders (Allergen free requests) throughout the cooling	If there are failures to accurately update Allergen Information Records, then review a amend system and retrain staff as necessary If labelling and/or packaging missing/inadequate then dispose of food safely, review and amend system and retrain staff If system to track allergen free orders fails, is unclear or there is evidence that contamination may have occurred, then discard food, review system and retrain staff If there is any risk that allergens are present in an "allergy free" request, then food must not

	Systems are in place to identify and track foods free from specific allergens during cooling process	served or sold to the customer. The safest option will be to discard the food
	Systems in place to identify and track foods free from' specific allergens, through cooling process and onto next stages e.g., service to customers, chilling,	Where changes are made to systems, staff must be trained in the new arrangements
	packaging, labelling or placing into suitable storage.	Note all problems and corrective actions in the Issues section of Daily Record
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		Chille	d Display	
Chilled display				
⚠ Hazard	Controls	Critical Limits	Monitoring Procedures	✓ Corrective Actions
Microbiological physical and chemical contamination	Raw and ready-to-eat foods separated Separate colour coded equipment, utensils and tools used when handling raw and ready-to-eat foods Clean, hygienic display units, containers and tools used Foods protected from contamination e.g., use of sneeze screens, covering or packaging foods High standards of staff personal hygiene maintained Equipment and premises maintained in good condition Chemicals stored securely, away from food Food safe chemicals used where possible Manufacturers advice followed Foods displayed in suitable food grade packaging		Regular checks on display units to ensure separation of raw and ready to eat products and protection from contamination Checks to ensure: - • Hygiene and cleanliness of food containers • Premises and equipment are in good condition • Staff personal hygiene is properly maintained • Staff handle and use cleaning chemicals correctly • Suitable food grade packaging/wrapping used	If raw and ready to eat foods are not properly separated or protected e.g., by sneeze screens, then review likelihood of contamination. If there is evidence that contamination may have occurred, then dispose of the food safely and retrain staff If there is failure to use colour coded equipment and tools, review likelihood of contamination. If there is evidence that contamination may have occurred, then dispose of the food safely and retrain staff If display units and/or containers are unhygienic transfer food to a suitable clean and hygienic alternative. Dispose of any food likely to have been contaminated. Review Cleaning plan and retrain staff If there is poor staff personal hygiene, consider the risk of food contamination. If contamination is likely, dispose of food If premises or equipment are in poor condition, then repair or replace and consider contamination risks. If there is evidence that chemical contamination may have occurred, dispose of food safely and retrain staff Note all problems and corrective actions in the Issues section of the Daily Record
Microbiological multiplication	Pre-chill display equipment before use. Target chilled food held at 5°C or below Critical limit 8°C at centre of food Food within "Best before", "Use by" date or assigned shelf life	Chilled Food on display 8°C or less at centre	Temperature of food on display checked twice daily with a sanitised probe thermometer. It will be up to the FBO or Responsible Person to select the items for which centre temperature readings will be recorded. Items selected should be high risk. Selected temperature check results must be documented in the Daily Record – Chilled Storage section Checks to ensure food within "Use by" dates, or assigned shelf life	If the temperature of the chilled food has risen above 8°C then disposal is the safest option Where assessed as safe the 4-hour rule can be used 4-hour rule This allows chilled food to be kept at a temperature higher than 8°C for 1 period of up to 4 hours. Where this exemption is used it is up to the Food Business Operator or Responsible Person to demonstrate that the 4-hour period has not been exceeded If the period has been exceeded, then the food must be disposed of safely Only one period of time outside temperature control is allowed, no matter how short Use of the 4-hour rule should be noted in the issues section of the Daily Record Note. The 4-hour rule does not apply in Scotland Food that has exceeded its "Use by date" or assigned shelf life must be disposed of safely Note all problems and corrective actions in the Issues section of the Daily Record
Allergen cross contamination	NOTE. Requests for food free of allergens will vary in their requirements. As a result, orders are likely to be prepared on request and so the need for chilled display is likely to be limited. If this is not the case the following control measures will need to be in place Accurate record of allergen presence and "May contain" warnings (Allergen Information Records) maintained and available. Staff are familiarised with the system and updated on any changes Foods containing allergens clearly labelled with allergen content and securely packaged/contained Thorough cleaning of display area and display equipment to limit risk of allergen cross contamination		Allergen Information Records are accurate and available Effective cleaning carried out to remove allergen debris and to minimise build-up of allergen residues Readily identifiable containers for allergen free foods Separation of foods containing allergens from allergen free materials Products containing allergens suitably identified Allergen free foods clearly labelled and protected from contamination Staff are maintaining high standards of personal hygiene	If there are failures to accurately update Allerger Information Records, then review and amend system and retrain staff as necessary If labelling and/or packaging missing/ inadequate, then dispose of food safely, review and amend system and retrain staff If systems to prevent cross contamination e.g., separation of products, cleaning to remove allergens, staff personal hygiene etc inadequate or improperly used review systems and retrain staff If there is any evidence that allergen cross contamination may have occurred, then treat food as if contaminated or discard of it Note all problems and corrective actions in the Issues section of the Daily Record

	Allergen free foods displayed in separate cold display unit from foods containing allergens. Separate, readily identifiable, containers used for allergen free foods. Clean containers stored away from areas likely to be contaminated by allergens Allergen free foods clearly labelled and protected from contamination Staff trained to maintain high standards of personal hygiene to limit allergen transfer e.g., thorough handwashing before handling "allergen free" foods,		
Allergen presence	Accurate record of allergen presence and "May contain" warnings (Allergen Information Records) maintained and available. Staff are familiarised with the system and updated on any changes Foods containing allergens clearly labelled with allergen content and securely packaged/contained Staff trained to ask customers if they have any food allergies and to take down accurate details of any request for food free of specific allergens System in place to provide customer with full information on the presence of allergens as ingredients used in other foods, as kitchen is not allergen free. Suitably risk assessed "May contain" warnings used where appropriate. Correct allergen information is given to the customer as well as information on allergen free options. In some cases, this might be that allergen free foods cannot be produced as a result of limited space and equipment within the kitchen	Checks to ensure accuracy and availability of allergen presence and "May contain" warnings records Checks to ensure effective allergen information provision systems in place for customers	If there are failures to accurately update Allergen Information Records, then review and amend system and retrain staff as necessary If labelling and/or packaging missing/ inadequate, dispose of food safely, review and amend system and retrain staff If problems with the customer information system occur then review, amend and as necessary retrain staff Note all problems and corrective actions in the Issues section of the Daily Record
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	Hot Holding						
Hot holding	Hot holding						
⚠ Hazard	a Controls	Critical Limits	Monitoring Procedures	✓ Corrective Actions			
Microbiological, physical and chemical contamination	Clean, hygienic display units, containers and tools used Foods protected from contamination e.g., use of sneeze screens, covering or packaging foods High standards of staff personal hygiene maintained Equipment and premises maintained in a sound condition Chemicals stored away from food. Manufacturers advice on use of chemicals followed Food safe chemicals used where possible		Regular checks on display units/food containers to ensure clean, hygienic and food protected from contamination Checks to ensure: Staff personal hygiene Premises and equipment are in good condition Staff handle and use cleaning chemicals correctly	If food units and containers are not clean and hygienic, assess contamination risks and if there is evidence of contamination may have occurred safely dispose of ready to eat foods. Review Cleaning Plan and retrain staff. If food is inadequately protected from contamination (e.g., lack of a sneeze screen), safely dispose of food that is likely to be contaminated. Review protection arrangements and as necessary retrain staff. If there is poor staff personal hygiene and evidence that contamination may have occurred then safely dispose of food. If problems with premises or equipment condition, repair or replace damaged elements. If evidence that chemical contamination may have occurred then dispose of food safely, reviews of chemicals and storage and retrain staff. Note all problems and corrective actions in the Issues section of the Daily Record.			
Microbiological multiplication, formation of toxins and germination of spores	Hot holding equipment brought up to temperature before use Food held at 63°C or above Food within "Best before", "Use by" date or assigned shelf life	Hot food held at 63°C or above	Checks to ensure pre-heating of hot holding equipment A sample of foods are temperature checked, with a sanitised probe thermometer Note: Hot food must be held at or above 63°C. To manage this, NCASS recommends that the food temperature is checked at the time it is placed into the hot holding equipment and that the food should not be held for longer than 2 hours. During that time checks should be made at the one hour and the two-hour points. Such a procedure will ensure that any drop in temperature will be covered by the temperature exemptions (2-hour rule). It will be up to the FBO or Responsible Person to select the items for which centre temperatures, at the specified intervals, will be recorded. Items selected should be high risk. Temperature check results must be documented in the Daily Record – Hot Holding section Checks to ensure food within "Use by", "Best before" dates, or assigned shelf life	If hot holding equipment is not properly preheated before use, then retrain staff If hot holding equipment unable to hold food at required temperatures repair or replace The 2-hour rule: Food may be hot held at less than 63°C for a single period of not more than 2 hours. If this option is chosen it will be up to the FBO or Responsible Person to demonstrate that the time period has not been exceeded Note: Hot held food must only have one period of up to 2 hours below 63°C Note: The 2-hour rule does not apply in Scotland If hot food has fallen to a temperature below 63°C disposal is the safest option. In England, Wales and Northern Ireland if the FBO can prove that this has been for a single period of less than 2 hours the food may be: • Chilled to 8°C or less, and kept at that temperature or · Reheated to above 63°C and held at that temperature If the 2-hour rule is used it must be documented in the Daily Record Food that has exceeded its "Use by", "Best before" date or assigned shelf life disposed of safely			
Allergen cross contamination	NOTE. Requests for food free of allergens will vary in their requirements. As a result, orders are likely to be prepared on request and so the need for hot holding is likely to be limited. If this is not the case the following control measures will need to be in place Accurate record of allergen presence and "May contain" warnings (Allergen Information Records) maintained and available. Staff are familiarised with the system and updated on any changes Foods containing allergens clearly labelled with allergen content and securely packaged/contained		Checks to ensure: - • Allergen Information Records are accurate and available • Staff are familiar with Allergen Information Records system • Effective cleaning carried out to remove allergen debris and to minimise build-up of allergen residues • Readily identifiable, containers used for allergen free foods • Separation of foods containing allergens and allergen-free foods • Products containing allergens suitably identified	If failures to accurately update Allergen Information Records, review and amend systen and retrain staff as necessary If labelling and/or packaging missing/ inadequate, then dispose of food safely, review and amend system and retrain staff If there is any evidence that allergen cross contamination may have occurred, then treat fo as if contaminated or discard of it If systems to prevent cross contamination e.g., separation of products, cleaning to remove allergens, staff personal hygiene etc are inadequate or improperly used review systems and retrain staff			

	Thorough cleaning of hot holding area and equipment to limit risk of allergen cross contamination Allergen free foods displayed in dedicated hot holding units, away from foods containing allergens Separate, readily identifiable, containers used for allergen free foods. Clean containers stored away from areas likely to be contaminated by allergens Allergen free foods clearly labelled and protected from contamination Staff trained to maintain high standards of personal hygiene to limit allergen transfer e.g., thorough handwashing before handling allergen free foods	Allergen free foods clearly labelled and protected from contamination Staff are maintaining high standards of personal hygiene	Note all problems and corrective actions in the Issues section of the Daily Record
Allergen presence	Accurate record of allergen presence and "May contain" warnings (Allergen Information Records) maintained and available. Staff are familiarised with the system and updated on any changes Foods containing allergens clearly labelled with allergen content and securely packaged/contained Allergen free foods clearly labelled and securely packaged System in place to provide customer with full information on presence of allergens as ingredients and "May contain" warnings	Checks to ensure: - Accuracy and availability of allergen presence and "May contain" warnings records Staff are familiar with the allergen information records There is an effective system in place for providing allergen information to customers.	If failures to accurately update Allergen Information Records, review and amend system and retrain staff as necessary If labelling and/or packaging missing/ inadequate, then dispose of food safely, review and amend system and retrain staff If there are problems with customer information system review, amend and as necessary retrain staff Note all problems and corrective actions in the Issues section of the Daily Record
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Ambient Display						
Ambient displa	mbient display					
⚠ Hazard	& Controls	Critical Limits	Monitoring Procedures	✓ Corrective Actions		
Microbiological, physical and chemical contamination.	Raw and ready-to-eat foods separated Separate colour coded tools used when handling raw and ready-to-eat foods Clean and hygienic display units, containers and tools used Foods protected from contamination e.g., use of sneeze screens, covering or packaging foods High standards of staff personal hygiene maintained Chemicals stored securely, away from food Food safe chemicals used where possible. Manufacturers advice followed for use of chemicals		Regular checks on display units to ensure separation of raw and ready to eat products and protection from contamination Checks to ensure: - • Adequate Hygiene and cleanliness of food containers • Suitable condition of display equipment • Staff are maintaining personal hygiene • Staff handle and use cleaning chemicals correctly	If food units and containers are not clean and hygienic, then assess contamination risks and i there is any evidence that contamination may have occurred then safely dispose of ready to e foods Review Cleaning Plan and retrain staff If food is inadequately protected from contamination (e.g., lack of a sneeze screen) the safely dispose of food that is likely to be contaminated. Review protection arrangements and retrain staff as necessary If poor staff personal hygiene, then consider the risk of food contamination. If there is any evidence that contamination may have occurre safely dispose of ready to eat foods and retrain staff If premises or equipment is in poor condition, repair or replace damaged elements. Review maintenance programme If there is any evidence that chemical contamination may have occurred, safely dispoof foods. Review use of chemicals and storage retrain staff Note all problems and corrective actions in the Issues section of the Daily Record		
Microbiological multiplication	Stock rotation in place to ensure food in good condition Food within "Best before" date	7.00	Checks to ensure food in good condition Checks to ensure Stock Rotation system in place and effective	Food outside "Best before" date disposed of safely Food in poor condition is disposed of safely If there is a stock rotation system failure, reviesystem and retrain staff Note all problems and corrective actions in the Issues section of the Daily Record		
Allergen cross contamination.	Accurate record of allergen presence and "May contain warnings" (Allergen Information Records) maintained and available. Staff are familiarised with the system and updated on any changes Foods containing allergens clearly labelled with allergen content and securely packaged/contained Thorough cleaning of display area and display equipment to limit risk of allergen cross contamination Allergen free foods displayed separately from foods containing allergens. Separate, readily identifiable, containers used for allergen free foods. Clean containers stored away from areas likely to be contaminated by allergens Allergen free foods clearly labelled and protected from contamination Staff trained to maintain high standards of personal hygiene to limit allergen transfer e.g., thorough handwashing before handling allergen free foods		Record of allergen presence and "May contain" warnings (Allergen Information Records) accurate, up to date and available. Checks to ensure staff are familiar with the system and updated on changes Effective cleaning carried out to remove allergen debris and to minimise build-up of allergen residues Readily identifiable, containers used for allergen free foods Separation of foods containing allergens and allergen-free materials Allergen free foods clearly labelled and protected from contamination Staff are maintaining high standards of personal hygiene	If there are failures to accurately update Allerg Information Records, then review and amend system and retrain staff as necessary If staff are not familiar with the allergen information Records system, update and retrain them. If labelling and/or packaging missing/inadequate, then dispose of food safely, review and amend system and retrain staff Where there is any evidence that allergen cross contamination may have occurred, treat food a contaminated or discard of it If systems to prevent cross contamination (e.g. separation of products, cleaning to remove allergens, staff personal hygiene etc) are inadequate or improperly used, then review systems and retrain staff Note all problems and corrective actions in the Issues section of the Daily Record		
Allergen oresence	Accurate record of allergen presence and "May contain" warnings (Allergen Information Records) maintained and available. Staff are familiarised with the system and updated on any changes Foods containing allergens clearly labelled with allergen content and securely packaged/contained Allergen free foods clearly labelled and protected from contamination System in place to provide customer with full information on presence of allergens as ingredients and of "May contain" warnings		Checks to ensure: • Accuracy and availability of allergen presence and "May contain" warnings records • Staff are familiar with the system and updated on changes • Effective allergen information provision systems in place for customers	If there are failures to accurately update Allerg Information Records, then review and amend system and retrain staff as necessary If labelling and/or packaging missing/ inadequate, then dispose of food safely, review and amend system and retrain staff If there are problems with the customer information system then review, amend and as necessary retrain staff Note all problems and corrective actions in the Issues section of the Daily Record		



Reheating					
Reheating					
⚠ Hazard	Controls	Critical Limits	Monitoring Procedures	✓ Corrective Actions	
Microbiological' physical and chemical contamination	Clean, hygienic equipment, containers and tools used for reheating Foods protected from contamination (e.g., use of sneeze screens, covering or packaging foods) High standards of staff personal hygiene maintained Equipment and premises maintained in a sound condition Chemicals stored away from food. Manufacturer's advice on the use of chemicals followed Food safe chemicals used where possible Food reheated in food safe containers		Regular checks on equipment, food containers and utensils to ensure clean, and hygienic Checks to ensure: - • Food protected from contamination • Staff are maintaining good standards of personal hygiene • Premises and equipment are	If equipment and containers are not clean and hygienic, then assess contamination risks and if there is evidence that contamination may have occurred then safely dispose of foods Review Cleaning Plan and retrain staff If food is inadequately protected from contamination (e.g., lack of a sneeze screen) and there is evidence that contamination may have occurred, then safely dispose of foods Review protection arrangements and as necessary retrain staff If there is poor staff personal hygiene, consider risk of food contamination. If there is evidence that contamination may have occurred, then safel dispose of foods and retrain staff If there are problems with premises or equipment condition, repair or replace damaged elements an review maintenance programme If use and/or storage of cleaning chemicals does not meet required standards, review Cleaning Pla and retrain staff Note all problems and corrective actions in the Issues section of the Daily Record	
Microbiological growth, multiplication and production of toxins	Food thoroughly thawed before reheating. Manufacturer's reheating instructions followed for packaged foods Food reheated rapidly to a core temperature of at least 75 °C for 30 seconds (England, Wales, Northern Ireland) Food reheated to a minimum core temperature of 82 °C in Scotland Food in liquids brought to the boil and stirred to assist rapid reheating Food only reheated once Food held at 63°C or above until served/sold Food protected from contamination during reheating	Reheat centre of food to 75°C England, Wales, Northern Ireland and 82°C in Scotland	• Single reheat only • Single reheat only Reheat temperatures (at the core of the food) must be checked with a sanitised probe thermometer to ensure that the required temperatures are achieved (75°C for 30 seconds-(England and Wales), 82 °C Scotland) It will be up to the FBO or Responsible Person to select the items for which core reheat temperatures, will be	Ensure food is thoroughly defrosted before reheating. If food is incorrectly thawed retrain staff If food does not reach the necessary core temperature, continue reheating until required core temperature achieved or transfer to other correctly operating equipment If food reheated more than once dispose of it safely If staff do not follow reheating procedures (e.g., do not regularly stir liquids during reheating), review procedures and retrain staff Note all problems and corrective actions in the Issues section of the Daily Record	
Allergen cross contamination	Accurate record of allergen presence and "May contain" warnings (Allergen Information Records) maintained and available. Staff are familiarised with the system and updated on any changes Foods containing allergens clearly labelled with allergen content and securely packaged/contained Thorough cleaning of reheating area and equipment to limit risk of allergen cross contamination Allergen free foods reheated in separate equipment from foods containing allergens. Separate, readily identifiable, containers used for allergen free foods. Clean containers stored away from areas likely to be contaminated by allergens Allergen free foods clearly labelled and protected from contamination Staff trained to maintain high standards of personal hygiene to limit allergen transfer e.g., thorough handwashing before handling allergen free foods	ı	Checks to ensure: - Record of allergen presence and "May contain" warnings (Allergen Information Records) is accurate, up to date and available Staff are familiar with the system and updated on changes Effective cleaning carried out to remove allergen debris and to minimise build-up of allergen residues Readily identifiable, containers used for allergen free foods Separation of foods containing allergens and allergen-free materials Products containing allergens suitably identified Allergen free foods clearly labelled and protected from contamination Staff maintain high standards of personal hygiene	If inaccuracies in allergen presence/ "May contain" records review system and retrain staff a necessary If staff are not familiar with the Allergen Information Records system update and retrain them If labelling and/or packaging missing/ inadequate then dispose of food safely, review and amend system and retrain staff If there is any evidence that allergen cross contamination may have occurred, then treat food as if contaminated or discard of it If systems to prevent cross contamination (e.g., separation of products, cleaning to remove allergens, staff personal hygiene etc) are inadequate or improperly used, then review systems and retrain staff Note all problems and corrective actions in the Issues section of the Daily Record	

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	Service					
Food service						
⚠ Hazards	a Controls	Critical Limits	Monitoring Procedures	✓ Corrective Action		
Microbiological, physical and chemical contamination.	Clean and hygienic equipment, containers and utensils used for serving food. Raw and ready to eat foods separated Foods protected from contamination (e.g., use of sneeze screens, covering or packaging of foods) Direct handling minimised, use of tongs, utensils etc where possible Service areas, vending machines, equipment, containers, packaging and utensils maintained in a hygienic and sound condition. High standards of staff personal hygiene maintained Chemicals stored away from food. Manufacturer's advice followed Food safe chemicals used Food served in food grade packaging		Regular checks on equipment, utensils and containers to ensure clean and hygienic condition Checks to ensure: Separation of raw and cooked products Effectiveness of measures to protect against contamination Direct handling of foods minimised Condition of service areas, vending machines, equipment, containers, packaging and utensils Staff personal hygiene practices are properly maintained Staff handle and use cleaning chemicals correctly Suitable food grade packaging/ wrapping used	Where equipment containers and utensils are not clean and hygienic, assess contamination risks. If there is any evidence that contamination may have occurred safely dispose of foods Review Cleaning plan and retrain staff If raw and ready to eat foods are not properly separated or protected against contamination (e.g by sneeze screens), then assess contamination risks. If there is any evidence that contamination may have occurred safely dispose of foods. Review systems to protect food from contamination, amend as necessary and retrain staff If there is frequent direct handling of food, consider contamination risks and dispose of affected ready to eat foods safely If service areas vending machines, equipment, containers, packaging and utensils are not maintained in a hygienic and sound condition, then transfer food to suitable clean and hygienic alternatives. If there is any evidence that contamination may have occurred, then safely dispose of foods. Review Cleaning Plan and Maintenance Programme. Retrain staff If there is poor staff personal hygiene, then consider risk of food contamination. If there is any evidence that contamination. If there is any evidence that contamination may have occurred, safely dispose of foods and retrain staff If staff do not use cleaning chemicals effectively and safely, then review Cleaning Plan and retrain staff Note all problems and corrective actions in the Issues section of the Daily Record		
Microbiological multiplication	Time out of temperature control minimised Food within "Use by" and "Best before" date or within assigned shelf life		Checks to ensure that the time foods are out of temperature control during service is minimised Checks to ensure food within "Use by" and "Best before" dates, or assigned shelf life	If food service involves extended periods of time before delivery to customer, then review service arrangements to minimise time out of temperature control If food beyond "Use by" or "Best before" dates of assigned shelf life, then dispose of it safely		
Allergen cross contamination	Accurate record of allergen presence and "May contain" warnings (Allergen Information Records) maintained and available. Staff familiarised with system and updated about changes Thorough cleaning of service area and equipment to limit risk of allergen cross contamination Foods containing allergens clearly labelled with allergen content and securely packaged/contained Allergen free food identified, labelled and securely packaged/contained Allergen free foods served using separate equipment and utensils from foods containing allergens. Separate, readily identifiable, containers used for allergen free foods. Clean containers used for allergen free foods. Clean containers stored away from areas likely to be contaminated by allergens Staff trained to maintain high standards of personal hygiene to limit allergen transfer (e.g., thorough handwashing and changing of overclothing before serving allergen free foods) Self-service options (e.g., buffets), are clearly labelled with allergen information and are supervised by staff/regular checks undertaken, to manage the potential for cross contamination e.g., by utensils, inadequate separation of foods.		Checks to ensure: - Record of allergen presence and "May contain" warnings (Allergen Information Records) up to date, accurate and available Staff understand system and are regularly updated on changes Effective cleaning carried out to remove allergen debris and to minimise build-up of allergen residues Readily identifiable, containers used for allergen free foods Separation of foods containing allergens and allergen-free materials Products containing allergens suitably labelled/ identified and packaged Allergen free foods clearly identified, labelled and protected from contamination Staff are maintaining high standards of personal hygiene Self-service options are safely maintained to minimise risk of allergenic cross contamination.	If there are failures to accurately update Allergen Information Records, then review and amend system and retrain staff as necessary If labelling and/or packaging missing/ inadequate then dispose of food safely, review and amend system and retrain staff. If there is any evidence that allergen cross contamination may have occurred, then treat food as if contaminated or discard of it If systems to prevent cross contamination (e.g., separation of products, cleaning to remove allergens, staff personal hygiene etc) are inadequate or improperly used, then review systems and retrain staff Note all problems and corrective actions in the Issues section of the Daily Record		
Allergen oresence	Record of allergen presence and "May contain" warnings (Allergen Information Records) kept up to		Checks to ensure: -	If there are failures to accurately update Allergen Information Records, then review and amend		

date and available. Staff familiarised with system and updated about changes

Foods containing allergens clearly labelled with allergen content and securely packaged/contained

Staff trained to ask customers if they have any food allergies and to write down accurate details of any request for food free of specific allergens

Signage to indicate where customers can obtain information on allergen presence e.g., on menus, from staff etc

System in place to ensure accurate allergen information is given to customers as well as information on allergen free options.

If kitchen space is insufficient to ensure that allergen free foods can be produced, then customers are advised accordingly

Systems in place to identify and track provision of foods free from specific allergens through all preparation and cooking processes, through to the point of service.

A clear system in place for dealing with customer complaints or concerns regarding allergenic contamination. Staff trained on this system and are familiar with how to deal with customer complaints.

- Accuracy and availability of allergen presence and "May contain" warnings, records and signage (signage - for customers to indicate where information can be found)
- Staff are familiar with allergen information records and are given regular updates on any changes
- Accurate allergen information is given to customers as well as information on allergen free options
- Food not containing allergens is clearly labelled and packaged/contained
- Food containing allergens securely packaged/contained and clearly labelled with allergen content
- Effective system in place to identify and track provision of foods free from specific allergens through all preparation and cooking processes, through to the point of service

system and retrain staff as necessary

If labelling and/or packaging missing/ inadequate, then dispose of food safely, review and amend system and retrain staff

If signage to indicate where allergen information may be found is inadequate, then review system and retrain staff

If there are problems with the customer information system, then review and amend and retrain staff as necessary

If there is any evidence that allergen cross contamination may have occurred, then treat food as if contaminated or discard of it

If the systems in place to identify and track provision of foods free from specific allergens through all preparation and cooking processes and to point of service are inadequate, then review and amend them and retrain staff.

Note all problems and corrective actions in the Issues section of the Daily Record

If a customer makes a complaint or raises concerns about allergenic contamination then review the matters and take necessary actions. Where applicable retrain staff on customer complaints procedure.

Notes